

## Freeform Search

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Term:

12 and 11

 Display:  Documents in Display Format:  Starting with Number 

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### Search History

 DATE: Monday, March 01, 2004 [Printable Copy](#) [Create Case](#)

 Set Name Query  
 side by side

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 result set

DB=PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ

<u>L5</u>	12 and 11	41	<u>L5</u>
<u>L4</u>	12 same 11	0	<u>L4</u>
<u>L3</u>	L2 with 11	0	<u>L3</u>
<u>L2</u>	deletion or knock-out	100436	<u>L2</u>
<u>L1</u>	transgenic with (AFP or alpha-Fetoprotein)	59	<u>L1</u>

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 18:19:01 ON 01 MAR 2004)

FILE 'MEDLINE, CANCERLIT, BIOTECHDS, EMBASE, BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 18:19:28  
ON 01 MAR 2004

L1 43272 S ALPHA-FETOPROTEIN OR AFP  
L2 165535 S TRANSGENIC  
L3 8138 S KNOCK-OUT  
L4 172186 S L3 OR L2  
L5 315 S L4 AND L1  
L6 71542 S NULL OR KNOCK-OUT  
L7 4 S L6 AND L5  
L8 1 DUP REM L7 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
L9 304373 S DELETED OR DELETION  
L10 17 S L9 AND L5  
L11 6 DUP REM L10 (11 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

> d bib ab 1-6

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 6 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT/ISI on STN  
AN 2001-07102 BIOTECHDS  
TI New non-human genetically modified mammal lacking the **alpha-fetoprotein**, useful for studying, testing or screening of anti-osteoporosis fertilization and/or contraceptive methods, compound and compositions;  
non-human **transgenic** mammal useful for drug screening  
AU Gabant P; Roscam-Szpirer J  
PA Univ.Brussels-Free  
LO Brussels, Belgium.  
PI WO 2001003501 18 Jan 2001  
AI WO 2000-BE81 11 Jul 2000  
PRAI US 1999-143269 12 Jul 1999  
DT Patent  
LA English  
OS WPI: 2001-159325 [16]  
AB A non-human genetically modified mammal is claimed. It contains a mutation, a partial or total **deletion** in the genetic sequence encoding the wild-type mammal **alpha-fetoprotein** (**AFP**). Also claimed are: a pluripotent embryonic stem cell, preferably a mouse cell containing a partial or total **deletion** of a genetic sequence encoding a mammal **AFP**, and a study, testing or screening method and device of known or unknown molecules that are able to fix the **AFP** or its portion and that may be used as agonist or antagonists of esterogens, for fertilization or contraceptive methods and compositions or for the preventing or treating osteoporosis. The non-human mammal is useful for studying, testing or screening of anti-osteoporosis fertilization or contraceptive methods, compounds and compositions. The molecules discovered by the screening method that are able to fix the **AFP** or its portion may be used as agonist or antagonist of esterogens, for fertilization or contraceptive methods and compositions or for preventing or treating osteoporosis.

L11 ANSWER 6 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 5  
 AN 90216885 MEDLINE  
 DN PubMed ID: 1691194  
 TI The ontogeny of **alpha-fetoprotein** gene expression in  
 the mouse gastrointestinal tract.  
 AU Tyner A L; Godbout R; Compton R S; Tilghman S M  
 CS Howard Hughes Medical Institute, Princeton University, New Jersey 08544.  
 NC CA44976 (NCI)  
 SO Journal of cell biology, (1990 Apr) 110 (4) 915-27.  
 Journal code: 0375356. ISSN: 0021-9525.  
 CY United States  
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LA English  
 FS Priority Journals  
 EM 199005  
 ED Entered STN: 19900622  
 Last Updated on STN: 19960129  
 Entered Medline: 19900511  
 AB The ontogeny of **alpha-fetoprotein (AFP)** gene  
 expression has been examined in the fetal and adult mouse gastrointestinal  
 tract. **AFP** mRNA constitutes approximately 0.1% of total mRNA in  
 the fetal gut. The transcripts were localized by in situ hybridization to  
 the epithelial cells lining the villi of the fetal gut. At birth,  
**AFP** mRNA declines rapidly to achieve low adult basal levels, which  
 are not affected by different alleles of **raf**, a gene that determines the  
 adult basal level of **AFP** mRNA in the liver. The basal level in  
 the adult gut is the consequence of continued **AFP** transcription  
 in a small number of enteroendocrine cells that are distributed  
 infrequently on the villi. These cells were identified by double antibody  
 staining with antibodies to chromogranin A, an enteroendocrine cell marker  
 and **AFP**. Previous studies resulted in the generation of a line  
 of **transgenic** mice containing an internally **deleted**  
**AFP** gene that was greatly overexpressed in the fetal gut. The  
 basis for the inappropriately high level expression of the transgene was  
 shown to be the consequence of very high levels of transcription in the  
 epithelial cells of the villi rather than to expression in inappropriate  
 cell types. The cis-acting DNA sequences required for expression of the  
**AFP** gene in the gut were investigated using Caco-2 cells, a human  
 colon adenocarcinoma cell line. These experiments indicated that, with  
 one exception, the regulatory elements required in both the promoter and  
 enhancer regions of the gene coincided with those that are necessary for  
 high level expression in the liver. The one exception was enhancer II,  
 located 5 kbp of DNA upstream of the gene, which exhibited no activity in  
 Caco-2 cells.

L11 ANSWER 5 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 4  
 AN 95246916 MEDLINE  
 DN PubMed ID: 7537233  
 TI Developmental regulation of **alpha-fetoprotein**  
 expression in intestinal epithelial cells of **transgenic** mice.  
 AU Cirillo L A; Emerson J A; Vacher J; Tynner A L  
 CS Department of Biology, Carleton College, Northfield, Minnesota 55057, USA.  
 NC CA44976 (NCI)  
 SO Developmental biology, (1995 Apr) 168 (2) 395-405.  
 Journal code: 0372762. ISSN: 0012-1606.  
 CY United States  
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LA English  
 FS Priority Journals  
 EM 199505  
 ED Entered STN: 19950608  
 Last Updated on STN: 19960129  
 Entered Medline: 19950526  
 AB The **alpha-fetoprotein (AFP)** gene is  
 transcribed in most epithelial cells lining the fetal mouse small  
 intestine, but transcription persists in only a subset of enteroendocrine  
 cells representing less than 1% of the total intestinal epithelial cells  
 in the adult. The decrease in **AFP** expression after birth is  
 mediated in part by a repressor element lying between -838 and -250 bp of  
 the **AFP** gene. **Deletion** of this element from  
**AFP** minigene constructs results in high-level minigene expression  
 in the intestines of adult **transgenic** mice. Although high  
 levels of **AFP** minigene RNA are expressed, the fetal pattern of  
 expression is not maintained upon **deletion** of the repressor  
 element. Instead, the number of cells in which the minigene is expressed  
 increases from less than 1% to approximately 10% of the epithelial cells  
 in the adult small intestine, and includes the majority of the goblet  
 cells in addition to the enteroendocrine cells. In contrast, the pattern  
 of **AFP** minigene expression in the enterocytes is unaffected by  
**deletion** of the repressor element and continues to decrease in the  
 neonate. These studies indicate that the identified **AFP**  
 repressor is active specifically in goblet cells. The decrease in  
**AFP** expression in the enterocytes may be mediated by a separate  
 cis-acting element that is contained in the **AFP** minigene  
 construct. Alternatively, it is possible that mature enterocytes lack  
 some of the positive factors required for initiation and maintenance of  
 minigene transcription in the absence of the identified negative element.

**PALM INTRANET**Day : Monday  
Date: 3/1/2004  
Time: 16:12:47**Inventor Name Search Result**

Your Search was:

Last Name = GABANT

First Name = PHILIPPE

Application#	Patent#	Status	Date Filed	Title	Inventor Name 9
<u>60494021</u>	Not Issued	019	01/01/0001	LOCALISATION, IDENTIFICATION AND TRACKING OF BIOLOGICAL SAMPLES USING ELECTRONIC TAGGING	GABANT, PHILIPPE
<u>60143269</u>	Not Issued	159	07/12/1999	NON-HUMAN GENETICALLY MODIFIED MAMMAL LACKING THE ALPHA-FETOPROTEIN	GABANT , PHILIPPE
<u>10468536</u>	Not Issued	020	01/23/2004	METHOD FOR THE SELECTION OF RECOMBINATION CLONES COMPRISING A SEQUENCE ENCODING AN ANTIDOTE PROTEIN TO A TOXIC MOLECULE	GABANT, PHILIPPE
<u>10168774</u>	Not Issued	030	06/20/2002	DOUBLE SELECTION VECTOR	GABANT, PHILIPPE
<u>10031021</u>	Not Issued	071	03/19/2002	NON-HUMAN GENETICALLY MODIFIED MAMMAL LACKING THE ALPHA-FETOPROTEIN	GABANT, PHILIPPE
<u>10030785</u>	Not Issued	019	01/01/0001	NON-HUMAN GENETICALLY MODIFIED MAMMAL LACKING THE ALPHA-FETOPROTEIN	GABANT, PHILIPPE
<u>09634039</u>	Not Issued	061	08/08/2000	CLONING AND/OR SEQUENCING VECTOR	GABANT, PHILIPPE
<u>09225152</u>	<u>6180407</u>	150	01/04/1998	CLONING AND/ OR SEQUENCING VECTOR	GABANT , PHILIPPE
<u>08379614</u>	<u>5910438</u>	150	07/20/1995	CLONING AND/OR SEQUENCING VECTOR	GABANT , PHILIPPE

**Inventor Search Completed: No Records to Display.**

**Search Another:  
Inventor**

Last Name

GABANT

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PHILIPPE

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**PALM INTRANET**Day : Monday  
Date: 3/1/2004  
Time: 16:13:36**Inventor Name Search Result**

Your Search was:

Last Name = ROSCAM-SZPIRER

First Name = JOSLANE

Application#	Patent#	Status	Date Filed	Title	Inventor Name 1
<u>60143269</u>	Not Issued	159	07/12/1999	NON-HUMAN GENETICALLY MODIFIED MAMMAL LACKING THE ALPHA-FETOPROTEIN	ROSCAM-SZPIRER , JOSLANE

**Inventor Search Completed: No Records to Display.**

	<b>Last Name</b>	<b>First Name</b>
<b>Search Another:</b>	<input type="text" value="ROSCAM-SZPIRER"/>	<input type="text" value="JOSLANE"/>
<b>Inventor</b>	<input type="button" value="Search"/>	

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